

Solutions to Extra Exercise 6

1. Single premium

$$\begin{aligned} \text{EPV}(\text{benefits}) &= \int_0^{20} e^{-rt} ({}_t p_{40} {}_t p_{45} \mu_{45+tt} q_{50} + {}_t p_{40} {}_t p_{50} \mu_{50+tt} q_{45} \\ &\quad + {}_t p_{45} {}_t p_{40} \mu_{40+tt} q_{50} + {}_t p_{45} {}_t p_{50} \mu_{50+tt} q_{40} \\ &\quad + {}_t p_{50} {}_t p_{45} \mu_{45+tt} q_{40} + {}_t p_{50} {}_t p_{40} \mu_{40+tt} q_{45}) dt \\ &= 0.0593 \end{aligned}$$

Since $\text{EPV}(\text{premiums}) = \text{EPV}(\text{benefits}) + \text{EPV}(\text{expenses})$,

$$\begin{aligned} 0.95\pi &= 59300 \\ \pi &= 62421 \end{aligned}$$

2. Continuous premium payable as long as all partners are alive and up to 10 years

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{a}_{40:45:50:\overline{10}|} &= \int_0^{10} e^{-rt} {}_t p_{40} {}_t p_{45} {}_t p_{50} dt \\ &= 7.5799 \end{aligned}$$

So

$$\begin{aligned} 0.95\pi(7.5799) &= 59300 \\ \pi &= 8235 \end{aligned}$$

3. Continuous premium payable as long as two lives are alive up to 10 years

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Value of annuity} &= \int_0^{10} e^{-rt} ({}_t p_{40} {}_t p_{45} {}_t p_{50} + {}_t p_{40} {}_t p_{45} {}_t q_{50} + {}_t p_{40} {}_t q_{45} {}_t p_{50} + {}_t q_{40} {}_t p_{45} {}_t p_{50}) dt \\ &= 7.5799 + 0.6358 = 8.2157 \end{aligned}$$

So

$$\begin{aligned} 0.95\pi(8.2157) &= 59300 \\ \pi &= 7598 \end{aligned}$$

Suppose now we know that the sum assured was paid. To find the probability that A was the survivor:

$$\begin{aligned} P(\text{A was survivor} | 2 \text{ deaths before } 20) &= \frac{P(\text{A last to die, other 2 die before } t=20)}{P(2 \text{ deaths before } 20)} \\ &= \frac{\int_0^{20} ({}_t p_{40} {}_t p_{45} \mu_{45+tt} q_{50} + {}_t p_{40} {}_t p_{50} \mu_{50+tt} q_{45}) dt}{\int_0^{20} (6 \text{ terms as in first part}) dt} \\ &= \frac{0.05177}{0.1075} \\ &= 0.4816 \end{aligned}$$

Suppose that the sum was paid 15 years exactly after the policy took effect. The probability that A was the survivor:

$$P(\text{A got the money}|\text{sum was paid at year 15}) = \frac{{}_{15}p_{40}{}_{15}p_{45}\mu_{60}{}_{15}q_{50} + {}_{15}p_{40}{}_{15}q_{45}{}_{15}p_{50}\mu_{65}}{P(\text{sum was paid at year 15})}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P(\text{sum was paid at year 15}) &= {}_{15}p_{40}{}_{15}p_{45}\mu_{60}{}_{15}q_{50} + {}_{15}p_{40}{}_{15}p_{50}\mu_{65}{}_{15}q_{45} \\ &\quad + {}_{15}p_{45}{}_{15}p_{40}\mu_{55}{}_{15}q_{50} + {}_{15}p_{45}{}_{15}p_{50}\mu_{65}{}_{15}q_{40} \\ &\quad + {}_{15}p_{50}{}_{15}p_{45}\mu_{60}{}_{15}q_{40} + {}_{15}p_{50}{}_{15}p_{40}\mu_{55}{}_{15}q_{45} \\ &= 0.008759 \end{aligned}$$

So the required probability is $\frac{0.004217}{0.008759} = 0.4814$.